







100% ADHERENCE TO ART: A NEW PARADIGM IN THE LONG-ACTING ERA. DATA FROM A COHORT OF NORTH-WEST ITALY

G. Orofino¹, M. Guastavigna¹, A. Ianniello¹, M. Ferrara², D. Arrue Diaz², V. Maccario², L. Di Girolamo², L. Ponzetta², G. Calleri¹

¹Tropical and Infectious Diseases Division A, Amedeo di Savoia Hospital, Turin, Italy; ²University of Turin, Turin, Italy

Introduction

Adherence to Antiretroviral Therapy (ART) with oral regimens has been evaluated in clinical practice using imperfect methods such as surveys and pharmaceutical refills. In long-acting (LA) therapies, adherence can be monitored in real-time and, if necessary, immediately addressed.

The aim of the study is to evaluate the improvement in adherence to ART in people living with HIV/AIDS (PLWHA) switching to LA-ART and its impact on the healthcare system workload.

Methods

We included **194 PLWHA**: 164 (84.5%) males, 30 (15.5%) females; median age 52 years; 173 (89.2%) Italians, 21 (10.8%) foreigners; 190 (98%) were virologically suppressed (plasma HIV-RNA undetectable), while 4 (2%) had detectable plasma HIV-RNA. We collected data in 164 (84.5%) PLWHA who had received at least the third administration on:

Results

Results	
PRE-SWITCH ART ADHERENCE:	120 (73.2%) had ART adherence = 100%
(measured by pharmaceutical refill)	33 (20.1%) had ART adherence = 80-100% 5 (3.1%) had ART adherence = 50-80%
	4 (2.4%) had ART adherence ≤ 50%
LA-ART ADHERENCE: (administration within ± 1 week of scheduled time)	LA-ART ADHERENCE: 161 (98.4%) RECEIVED INJECTIONS WITHIN THE DOSING WINDOW 41 (25%) IMPROVED ADHERENCE 162 (98.8%) MAINTAINED VIRAL SUPPRESSION
DISCONTINUATION RATES FOR ALL CAUSES (including non-adherence, 100% as adherence cut-off)	9 OUT OF 194 (4.6%) PLWHA DISCONTINUED LA-ART: • 4 (44.4%) toxicity • 2 (22.2%) personal choice • 3 (33.3%) virologic resistance
IMPACT OF ADHERENCE MONITORING ON CLINICAL SITE WORKLOAD (phone calls, emails, etc)	Only 4 PHONE CALLS were made to contact PLWHA who missed their appointments

Conclusion

identifying and supporting non-adherent individuals.

With LA-ART, achieving 100% adherence is the new standard. It can be attained in real-world settings as it does not require a significant commitment from the dedicated team to recall and assist non-adherent PLWHA. Currently, there is a strong selection of PLWHA entering LA-ART, prioritizing the most adherent. However, from our data, it appears that LA-ART may be a strategy for improving adherence. It remains unknown whether increasing the number of PLWHA in LA-ART by broadening the criteria may lead to issues in the healthcare system related to increased workload in